UPSC Mains Syllabus in Detail

By:- http://www.upsc-2017.in/

**Paper 1: Essay (Total 250 marks)**

The topics for essay writing can be current affairs, social issues, Philosophy, country politics, science and technology etc. One is expected to keep their ideas in a logical sequence. Candidate is supposed to present his ideas in an order touching all aspects of the topic. No doubt, effective and exact expression will grab marks.

**Paper 2: General Studies paper 1 (Total 250 marks)**

**HISTORY**

Indian Heritage and Indian Culture,

History and Geography of the World and Country.

Indian culture covering all aspects of Art Forms, Architecture and Literature from ancient to modern times.

Modern Indian history from the middle of the eighteenth century until the present-including significant events, personalities, issues

The Indian Freedom Struggle – its various stages and important known contributors / contributions from different parts of the country.

Post-independence consolidation as well as reorganization within the country.

History of the world includes events from 18th century such as industrial revolution, world wars, redrawal of national boundaries, colonization, decolonization, political philosophies like socialism, communism, capitalism etc. - their forms and effect on the society.

**INDIAN SOCIETY**

Diversity of India, Features of Indian Society,

Role of women and women’s organization, Issues related to population, poverty and developmental and urbanization, associated problems and their remedies.

Effects of regime of globalization on Indian society

Social empowerment, regionalism, communalism, & secularism.

**GEOGRAPHY**

World’s physical geography and its salient features.

Natural Resources and their distribution across the world; Industry location and factors responsible for the location of primary, secondary, and tertiary sector industries in various parts of the world including India.
Important Geophysical phenomena such as Tsunami, earthquakes, volcanic activity, cyclone etc., geographical features and their location- changes in critical geographical features including water-bodies and ice-caps and in fauna and flora and the effects of such changes.

**Paper 3: General Studies  Paper 2 (Total 250 marks)**

Indian Constitution , Governance, Polity, Social Justice and International relations.

Indian Constitution- evolution, historical underpinnings, features, amendments, significant provisions and basic structure.

Union and State Govt and their Functions and responsibilities, challenges and issues pertaining to the federal structure, devolution of powers and finances up to local levels and challenges therein.

Separation of powers among various organs. Dispute redressal mechanisms and institutions.

Comparison of the Indian constitutional scheme with that of other countries of the world.

Parliament and State Legislatures – structure, conduct of business, functioning, powers & privileges and issues arising out of these.

Structure, organization and functioning of the Judiciary and the Executive. All Ministries and Departments of the Government; concept of pressure groups and formal/informal associations and their role in the Polity.

Basic features of the Representation of People’s Act.

Appointment to various Constitutional posts their powers, functions and responsibilities of various Constitutional Bodies.

Regulatory, Statutory and various quasi-judicial bodies

Government policies and interventions for development of various sectors and issues arising out.

Development processes and study of the development industry- the role of SHGs, NGOs, various groups and associations, charities, donors, institutional and other stakeholders

Welfare schemes for vulnerable sections of the population by States and the Centre and the performance of these schemes; laws, mechanisms, institutions and Bodies constituted for the protection and betterment of these vulnerable sections.

Issues relating to management and development of Social Sector/Services relating to Health, Education, Human Resources.

Issues relating to hunger and poverty.
Important aspects of governance, accountability and transparency, e-governance-applications, models, successes, limitations and potential; citizens charters and transparency & accountability.

Role of civil services in a democracy.

India and its neighborhood- relations.

Global, regional and bilateral groupings and agreements involving India and/or affecting India’s interests

Effect of policies and politics of developing and developed countries on India’s interests, Indian diaspora.

Important International institutions, agencies and forum- their structure, mandate .

**Paper 4: General Studies paper 3 (Total 250 marks)**


Indian Economy and issues relating to planning, development and employment, mobilization of resources, growth, Government Budgeting.

Major crops and cropping patterns in various parts of the country, transport and marketing of agricultural produce and issues and related constraints different types of irrigation and types of irrigation systems storage; e-technology in the aid of farmers.

Issues related to indirect and direct farm subsidies and minimum support prices; PDS-Public Distribution System- objectives, functioning, revamping, limitations, issues of buffer stocks and food security; Technology missions; economics of animal-rearing.

Food processing and related industries in India- location, scope and significance, upstream and downstream requirements, supply chain management.

Land reforms in India.

Effects of liberalization policy on the economy, changes in industrial policy and their effects on industrial growth.

Infrastructure: Ports, Energy, Roads, Airports, Railways etc.

Investment models.

Science and Technology- developments and their applications and effects in everyday life

Indigenization of technology and developing new technology, Achievements of Indians in science & technology.

Awareness in the fields of IT, Computers, Space, robotics, nano-technology, bio-technology and issues relating to intellectual property rights.
Conservation, environmental pollution and degradation, environmental impact assessment

Disaster and disaster management system.

Linkages between development and spread of extremism.

Role of external state and non state actors in creating challenges to internal security.

Internal Security and Challenges, impact of communication networks, role of media and social networking sites in internal security challenges, Role of money-laundering and its prevention

Security challenges and their management in border areas; linkages of organized crime with terrorism

Various Security forces and agencies and their mandate

**Paper 5: General Studies paper 4 (250 marks)**

**Ethics, Integrity, and Aptitude**

This paper is based on case study method. This aims to test the candidates’ attitude and approach to tackle real life situations, to judge his integrity, and his problem solving approach. The following broad areas will be covered.

Ethics and Human Interface: Essence, determinants and consequences of Ethics in human actions; different dimensions of ethics; ethics in public and private relationships. Human Values – lessons from the lives and teachings of great leaders, reformers and administrators; Role of family, society and educational institutions in inculcating values.

Attitude: component, structure, function; its influence and relation with thought and behaviour; moral and political attitudes; social influence and impact of persuasion.

Aptitude and foundational values for Civil Service, impartiality, integrity and non-partisanship, objectivity, dedication to public service, tolerance, empathy and compassion towards the weaker-sections.

Emotional intelligence-concepts, and its importance and application in administration and governance.

Contributions of philosophers & moral thinkers from India and world.

Values and Ethics in Public administration: Status and problems; ethical concerns and dilemmas in government and private institutions; rules, laws, accountability and ethical governance, regulations and conscience as sources of ethical guidance; strengthening of moral & ethical values in governance; ethical issues in international relations and funding; corporate governance.

Probity in Governance: Concept of public service; Relevance of Philosophical basis of governance and probity; Information sharing and transparency in government, Right to
Information, Codes of Conduct, Codes of Ethics, Citizen's Charters, Work culture, Utilization of public funds, Quality of service delivery, challenges of corruption.

**What you need to do before appearing in UPSC Mains**

The CIVIL Services examination is one of the most prestigious examination. A big percentage of candidates do get eliminated in the UPSC prelims exam. UPSC mains syllabus is vast but it requires consistent efforts and dedication for preparation.

1. Learn To Manage Time efficiently.
2. Improve your writing skills.
3. Get clear concept of all topics of syllabus.
4. Solve previous year’s papers for practice.
   To study more strategies to crack UPSC Mains read given link.

To know how to attempt these papers. Read